## IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claim 1 (Currently Amended): An organic electroluminescent device comprising: a cathode, an anode, and an emitting layer interposed between the cathode and the anode,

at least a part of the anode in contact with the emitting layer containing comprising at least one element selected from the group consisting essentially of lanthanum (La), cerium (Ce), neodymium (Nd), samarium (Sm), and europium (Eu), and at least one element selected from the group consisting essentially of chromium (Cr), tungsten (W), tantalum (Ta), niobium (Nb), silver (Ag), palladium (Pd), copper (Cu), nickel (Ni), cobalt (Co), molybdenum (Mo), platinum (Pt), and silicon (Si).

Claim 2 (Currently Amended): The organic electroluminescent device according to claim 1, wherein the total concentration of the at least one element selected from the group consisting essentially of lanthanum (La), cerium (Ce), neodymium (Nd), samarium (Sm), and europium (Eu) is 0.1 to 50 wt%.

Claim 3 (Currently Amended): The organic electroluminescent device according to claim 1, wherein the part of the anode in contact with the emitting layer contains comprises cerium.

Claim 4 (Currently Amended): The organic electroluminescent device according to claim 1, wherein the part of the anode in contact with the emitting layer has a work function of 5.0 eV or more.

Claim 5 (Currently Amended): A conductive multilayer body comprising: an insulative transparent substrate and a transparent conductive film formed on the transparent substrate,

the transparent conductive film containing comprising an oxide containing at least cerium (Ce),

wherein, in a graph showing binding energy of an electron present in a cerium 3d orbital on the surface of the transparent conductive film measured by X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy, when SA represents the total peak area of the binding energy between 877 eV and 922 eV, and SB represents the total peak area of the binding energy between 914 eV and 920 eV, SB/SA which represents an area ratio of SB to SA satisfies the following expression (1):

SB/SA < 0.13 (1),

and wherein the transparent conductive film further comprises at least one metal element selected from the group consisting essentially of indium (In) and tin (Sn).

Claim 6 (Currently Amended): The conductive multilayer body according to claim 5, wherein the transparent conductive film contains at least one metal element selected from the group consisting essentially of indium (In), tin (Sn), Zinc (Zn), zirconium (Zr), and further comprises gallium (Ga), cerium (Ce), and oxygen (O).

Claim 7 (Previously Presented): A method for producing the conductive multilayer body of claim 5, comprising:

forming the transparent conductive film by sputtering at a partial pressure of oxygen of 0.1 Pa or less in a sputtering atmosphere.

Claim 8 (Currently Amended): An electrode substrate for an organic electroluminescent device comprising:

the conductive multilayer body of claim 5, and

a metal conductor formed on the conductive multilayer body, the transparent conductive film <u>arranged such that it is capable of</u> driving an organic electroluminescent layer.

Claim 9 (Original): An organic electroluminescent device comprising,: the electrode substrate of claim 8, and an organic electroluminescent layer formed on the electrode substrate.

Claim 10 (Previously Presented): An organic electroluminescent device comprising: the conductive multilayer body of claim 5, and an organic electroluminescent layer formed on the conductive multilayer body.

Claim 11 (Currently Amended): An electroluminescent device comprising an anode layer, an organic emitting layer, and a cathode layer in sequential order,

the cathode layer containing comprising at least a first metal and a second metal, the standard oxidation-reduction potential (E(A)) of the first metal at 25°C being -1.7 (V) or more, and

the standard oxidation-reduction potential (E(B)) of the second metal at 25°C satisfying the following expression (2):

$$E(A) - 1.1 \le E(B)$$
 (2)

wherein the first metal is a metal selected from the group consisting of Al, Cr, Ta, Zn, Fe, Ti, In, Co, Ni, Ge, Cu, Re, Ru, Ag, Pd, Pt, and Au, and the second metal is a metal selected from the group consisting of Te, Sn, V, Mo, Nd, Nb, and Zr.

Claim 12 (Currently Amended): An electroluminescent device comprising an anode layer, an organic emitting layer, a cathode layer, and a transparent conductive layer in sequential order,

the cathode layer containing comprising at least a first metal and a second metal, the standard oxidation-reduction potential (E(A)) of the first metal at 25°C being -1.7 (V) or more, and

the standard oxidation-reduction potential (E(B)) of the second metal at 25°C satisfying the following expression (2):

$$E(A) - 1.1 \le E(B)$$
 (2)

wherein the first metal is a metal selected from the group consisting of Al, Cr, Ta, Zn, Fe, Ti, In, Co, Ni, Ge, Cu, Re, Ru, Ag, Pd, Pt, and Au, and the second metal is a metal selected from the group consisting of Te, Sn, V, Mo, Nd, Nb, and Zr.

Claim 13 (Previously Presented): The organic electroluminescent device according to claim 11, wherein the majority component of the cathode layer is the first metal.

Claim 14 (Currently Amended): The organic electroluminescent device according to claim 11, wherein the first metal is a metal selected from the group consisting essentially of Al, Cr, Ta, Zn, Fe, Ti, In, Co, Ni, Ge, Cu, Re, Ru, Ag, Pd, Pt, and Au.

Claim 15 (Currently Amended): The organic electroluminescent device according to claim 11, wherein the second metal is a metal selected from the group consisting essentially of Bi, Te, Sn, V, Mo, Nd, Nb, and Zr.

Claim 16 (Previously Presented): The organic electroluminescent device according to claim 11, wherein the cathode layer contains 0.1 wt% to 5.0 wt% of an alkali metal or an alkaline earth metal.

Claim 17 (Previously Presented): The organic electroluminescent device according to claim 11, wherein the cathode layer has an optical transparency at a wavelength of 380 nm to 780 nm of 10% or more.

Claim 18 (Previously Presented): The organic electroluminescent device according to claim 11, wherein the first metal is Ag.

Claim 19 (Previously Presented): A display comprising the organic electroluminescent device according to claim 1.

Claim 20 (New): A display comprising the conductive multilayer body according to claim 5.

Application No. 10/583,383 Reply to Office Action of June 19, 2008

Claim 21 (New): A display comprising the organic electroluminescent device according to claim 11.

Claim 22 (New): A display comprising the organic electroluminescent device according to claim 12.